

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A composition-of-matter comprising a polymer and an oxidizing agent being entrapped in or by said polymer.
2. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a conformable polymer.
3. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a flexible polymer.
4. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a spreadable polymer.
5. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

6. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

7. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

8. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

9. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, further comprising at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

10. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said oxidizing agent has oxidizing properties per se.

11. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said oxidizing agent is hydrolyzable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

12. The composition-of-matter of claim 11, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

13. The composition-of-matter of claim 12, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

14. The composition-of-matter of claim 12, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

15. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a silicone polymer.

16. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

17. The composition-of-matter of claim 16, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

18. The composition-of-matter of claim 16, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.

19. The composition-of-matter of claim 18, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.

20. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

21. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

22. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

23. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

24. The composition-of-matter of claim 15, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

25. The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said oxidizing agent is present at a concentration ranging between 10 weight % and 90 weight % of the total weight of said composition.

26. A pharmaceutical composition comprising, as an active ingredient, an oxidizing agent being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a polymer.

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27. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a conformable polymer.

28. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a flexible polymer.

29. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a spreadable polymer.

30. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

31. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

32. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

33. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

34. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, further comprising at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

35. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, packaged and identified for the treatment of a skin or mucosal membranes ailment.

36. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 35, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a microorganism.

37. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 36, wherein said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of a virus, bacteria and a fungi.

38. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 35, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a human papilloma virus.

39. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said oxidizing agent has oxidizing properties per se.

40. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said oxidizing agent is hydrolizable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

41. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 40, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

42. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 41, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

43. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 41, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

44. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a silicone polymer.

45. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 44, wherein said silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

46. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 44, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

47. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 45, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.

48. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 47, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.

49. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 45, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

50. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 45, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

51. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 44, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

52. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 44, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

53. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 44, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

54. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said oxidizing agent is present at a concentration ranging between 10 weight % and 90 weight % of the total weight of said pharmaceutical composition.

55. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer releases said oxidizing agent upon hydration and/or diffusion.

56. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 55, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.

57. A method of treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment, the method comprising applying onto a treated region of the skin or mucosal membranes an oxidizing agent being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a biocompatible polymer.

58. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a conformable polymer.

59. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a flexible polymer.

60. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a spreadable polymer.

61. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

62. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

63. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

64. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

65. The method of claim 57, further comprising wetting said treated region prior to said applying.

66. The method of claim 57, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a microorganism.

67. The method of claim 66, wherein said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of a virus, bacteria and a fungi.

68. The method of claim 57, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a human papilloma virus.

69. The method of claim 57, wherein said oxidizing agent has oxidizing properties per se.

70. The method of claim 57, wherein said oxidizing agent is hydrolizable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

71. The method of claim 70, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

72. The method of claim 71, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

73. The method of claim 71, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

74. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer comprises a silicone polymer.

75. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

76. The method of claim 74, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

77. The method of claim 75, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a

room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.

78. The method of claim 77, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.

79. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

80. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

81. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

82. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

83. The method of claim 74, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

84. The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer releases said oxidizing agent upon hydration and/or diffusion.

85. The method of claim 84, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.

86. A medical device being designed and shaped to be applied onto a skin of a subject in need, comprising a pharmaceutical composition, which comprises, as an active ingredient, an oxidizing agent being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a biocompatible polymer.

87. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a conformable polymer.

88. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a flexible polymer.

89. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a spreadable polymer.

90. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

91. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

92. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

93. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

94. The medical device of claim 86, having a flat configuration.

95. The medical device of claim 86, further comprising a backing for backing said pharmaceutical composition when applied.

96. The medical device of claim 95, wherein said medical device is a skin patch.

97. The medical device of claim 95, wherein said backing comprises a plaster.

98. The medical device of claim 95, wherein said backing comprises a transparent tape.

99. The medical device of claim 95, wherein said backing comprises an adhesive tape.

100. The medical device of claim 86, further comprising a removable cover for protecting said pharmaceutical composition upon storage.

101. The medical device of claim 86, further comprising a protective mechanism for protecting said pharmaceutical composition against humidity upon storage.

102. The medical device of claim 86, further comprising an adhesive, water permeable layer, in contact with said pharmaceutical composition.

103. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said oxidizing agent has oxidizing properties per se.

104. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said oxidizing agent is hydrolizable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

105. The medical device of claim 104, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

106. The medical device of claim 105, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

107. The medical device of claim 105, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

108. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer comprises a silicone polymer.

109. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

110. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

111. The medical device of claim 109, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.

112. The medical device of claim 111, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.

113. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

114. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

115. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

116. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

117. The medical device of claim 108, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

118. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said oxidizing agent is present at a concentration ranging between 10 weight % and 90 weight % of the total weight of said pharmaceutical composition.

119. The medical device of claim 86, wherein said biocompatible polymer releases said oxidizing agent upon hydration and/or diffusion.

120. The medical device of claim 119, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.

121. A method of treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment, the method comprising applying onto a treated region of the skin or

mucosal membranes a medical device that comprises a pharmaceutical composition, which comprises, as an active ingredient, an oxidizing agent being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a biocompatible polymer.

122. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a conformable polymer.

123. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a flexible polymer.

124. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a spreadable polymer.

125. The method of claim 121, wherein said polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

126. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

127. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

128. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

129. The method of claim 121, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a microorganism.

130. The method of claim 129, wherein said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of a virus, bacteria and a fungi.

131. The method of claim 121, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a human papilloma virus.

132. The method of claim 121, further comprising wetting said treated region prior to said applying.

133. The method of claim 121, wherein said oxidizing agent has oxidizing properties per se.

134. The method of claim 121, wherein said oxidizing agent is hydrolizable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

135. The method of claim 134, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

136. The method of claim 135, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

137. The method of claim 135, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

138. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer comprises a silicone polymer.

139. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

140. The method of claim 138, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

141. The method of claim 139, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.

142. The method of claim 141, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of a silicone oil.

143. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.

144. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.

145. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

146. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.

147. The method of claim 138, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

148. The method of claim 121, wherein said biocompatible polymer releases said oxidizing agent upon hydration and/or diffusion.

149. The method of claim 148, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.

150. A method of treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment, the method comprising applying onto a treated region of the skin or mucosal membranes an oxidizing agent, said oxidizing agent is hydrolyzable into at least one oxidizing moiety having oxidizing properties.

151. The method of claim 150, further comprising wetting said treated region prior to said applying.

152. The method of claim 150, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises a chlorinated isocyanurate.

153. The method of claim 152, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

154. The method of claim 152, wherein said at least one oxidizing moiety comprises free chlorine.

155. The method of claim 150, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a microorganism.

156. The method of claim 155, wherein said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of a virus, bacteria and a fungi.

157. The method of claim 150, wherein said skin ailment is caused by a human papilloma virus.

158. A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating skin or mucosal membranes ailments, the method comprising polymerizing a mixture of a silicone polymer and an oxidizing agent, so as

to obtain said oxidizing agent entrapped within said silicone polymer formed upon polymerization.

159. The method of claim 158, further comprising polymerizing a second silicone polymer so as to obtain a second polymerized silicone polymer and filling said second polymerized silicone polymer with said mixture of said silicone polymer and said oxidizing agent.

160. A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating skin or mucosal membranes ailments, the method comprising polymerizing a silicone polymer so as to form a polymerized silicone polymer and loading said polymerized silicone polymer with an oxidizing agent, so as to obtain said oxidizing agent entrapped within said polymerized silicone polymer.

161. The method of claim 160, wherein said loading precedes said polymerizing.

162. The method of claim 160, wherein said polymerizing proceeds said loading.

163. A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating skin or mucosal membranes aliments, the method comprising polymerizing a silicone polymer and applying thereon an oxidizing agent.